OLD ENGLAND:
OR,
The CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

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THE wiſeſt States among the Ancients were more jealous of great Merits than of great Abuſes in the Commonwealth.—This is a Misfortune incident to the Spirit of Liberty, but was far from being attended, either with the ſame bad Conſequences, or puſhed to the ſame unwarrantable Lengths as we are commonly apt to imagine.—Amongſt the *Greeks*, the Fates of *Phocion*, *Ariſtides*, *Socrates*, and others, has given Riſe to Multitudes of Reflections againſt that polite People: —The *Romans* ſtand condemn'd for their Ingratitude to *Camillus*, *Scipio*, *Cicero*, and many of their moſt venerable Patriots. — But, in Reality, it is very hard, at this Diſtance of Time, to judge of the particular Motives for their Treatment: It is ſufficient to conſider thoſe illuſtrious Sufferers in the Light of Patriots only.—— In that Light, we can never imagine them to have repined at their Fate; nay, one of them exulted that the People had the Spirit, great as he was, to pull him down.——A Man of Virtue, when too popular, will diſtruſt himſelf; he will dread, he will fly from the Temptations of Power, and ſome have been known to have taken Refuge in Exile againſt the dreaded Corruption of their own Hearts.

I am far from being ſo ſanguine as to maintain that Jealouſy of great Merits is the Criterion of a free State, but I apprehend that a real Patriot will feel great Conſolation in reflecting that the Hardſhips he meets with reſult from the Exerciſe of Liberty, and from his own Deſerts.—I have indulg'd this Speculation, the rather at this Juncture, when ſeveral of our moſt diſtinguiſh'd Leaders on both Elements, like the *Roman* and *Greek* Patriots, lie under the Public Jealouſy, I will not ſay, Cenſure.—Doctor *Donne*, in one of his Letters to the Duke of *Buckingham*, has this remarkable Expreſſion, *God's Privy-Seal is the Teſtimony of a good Conſcience, and his Broad-Seal is the outward Bleſſings of this Life.* As our eminent Sufferers, no doubt, poſſeſs the firſt of thoſe Seals, as well as the laſt, in a very extenſive Degree, it would be wronging their Virtue not to ſuppoſe them to feel great Comfort in reflecting that their Perſecutions are as much the Effects of *Engliſh* Liberty, as thoſe of their *Greek* and *Roman* Predeceſſors were of the Liberty of thoſe two States.

To ſtrengthen this Conjecture, we need but to caſt our Eyes on our Naval Hiſtory for theſe laſt three Years. There, the Merit of our Admirals are wrote in Characters not to be eras'd by Time, or obliterated by Ingratitude. The Sea Fight before *Toulon*, with the two Battles of *P——n-p——ns* and *F——k*, are ſo many Evidences of this Truth, and neither *Greece* nor *Rome*, no more than *England*, could have look'd with an eaſy Eye on ſo much diſtinguiſh'd Glory, as thoſe Actions procured to our Admirals and Generals who commanded in them.

Having thus made bold with one concomitant Failing of Liberty in a free State, I cannot help paſſing to another, which is the too great Aptneſs the People often has of running from one Extreme into another. Whoever has narrowly, nay, ſlightly conſider'd the Tranſactions of *England* for theſe Twenty Years paſt, ſhall find the ſame Man, God and Devil, Angel and Friend, Patriot and Traytor. The Public has now its Eye upon many, who, ten Years ago, were eſteem'd entitled to monumental Honours, but now to national Brands: But particular Inſtances are odious.——The Heart of Man is an unaccountable Being;——its Purpoſes, its Virtues, are often unknown to its Owner, far leſs to the Public. ——The well-known Story of *Croeſus*, when plac'd upon the Funeral Pile, is very applicable to the Honours decreed to a Patriot *before his Death*. That great Prince was inſtructed by the Philoſopher that no Man ought to be pronounc'd happy during his Life: And what Man who now is can give Security to the Public that he will die a *true* Patriot.——For my own Part, I know not if the *Romans* ever made ſo ridiculous a Figure as they did in placing and diſplacing Statues to the Honour or Diſhonour of the ſame Perſons.—This is no Reflection upon the Gratitude of either the Patriot or the People, but oftentimes both betray'd a Want of Judgement.——The Honours were prepoſterous.——The Statutes were erected by the People, and the Patriot ſuffer'd if merely becauſe they happened at certain Times to be both of them *in the ſame Way of Thinking.*—— A Juncture offers, in which the Patriot, as every honeſt Man ought to do, conſults his own Conſcience, and obſerves a Conduct different from the Sentiments of the People; —down goes the Statue; the Inſcription is eras'd; the Perſon is perſecuted, and then loaded with as much Infamy as he had been before burthened with Honour.

Phocion, the *Athenian*, was a Man, who, if ever any was, poſſeſs'd a Coolneſs and Indifference, as to public Applauſe teſtify'd by extravagant Acts of Praiſe: His Maxim was *not to be over haſty*, and *that if a Thing was true To-Day it would be ſo To-morrow.* It is this Character that has embalm'd his Memory;——he had thereby the Merit of keeping himſelf out of Debt, if we may ſo ſpeak, to his Country; he preſerv'd an uniform Conduct; he ſteer'd thro' Life by that beſt of all Directories, the *Teſtimony of a good Conſcience:* And the People never having Occaſion to reproach themſelves for having done too much in Honour of him during his Life, they thought all was too little which they did for him after Death.

Juvenal has finely expoſed the Madneſs of monumental Commemorations by Statutes, in his Deſcription of the Treatment which that of *Sejanus* met with. That Miniſter has for his Panegyriſt the fineſt Pen which *Rome* could ever boaſt of, and one who knew him perſonally, I mean *Paterculus*: Nay, if we make Allowance for the natural Prepoſſeſſions which People have generally for all dead Miniſters, his Character is at worſt but doubtful; but he anticipated, as many great Men have done, his Reward.—He claim'd that which he had not earn'd, a Statue; an Honour, which ſcarcely any Citizen can be ſaid to earn during his Life.——What was the Conſequence? Take it in the Words of the honeſt Poet:

——*Deſcendunt Statuæ, veſtemque ſequuntur,*
Ipſas deinde rotas bigarum impacta ſecuris;
Cædit, et immeritis franguntur crura caballis;
Jam ſtudent ignes, jam ſollibus atque cominis
Ardet adoratum populo caput, et crepat ingens,
Sejanus; *deinde ex facie toto orbe ſecundâ*
Fiunt urceoli, pelves, ſartago, patellæ.
Pone domi Lauros Duc in Capitolia magnum,
Cretatumque bovem; Sejanus *ducitur unco*
Spectandus; *gaudent omnes*; *quæ Labra? quis illi*
Vultus erat? nunquam, ſi quid mihi credis, amavi
Hunc hominem; *ſed quo cecidit ſub crimine? Quiſquam*
Delator? Quibus Indiciis? Quo teſte probavit?

Down go the Titles; *and the Statue crown'd,*
Is by baſe Hands in the next River drown'd;
The guiltleſs Horſes, and the Chariot Wheel,
The ſame Effects of vulgar Fury feel:
The Smith prepares his Hammer for the Stroke,
While the lung'd Bellows hiſſing Fire provoke;
Sejanus, *almoſt firſt of* Roman *Names,*
The great Sejanus *crackles in the Flames.*
Form'd in the Forge, the pliant Braſs is laid
On Anvils; *and of Head and Limbs are made*
Pans, Cans, and Piſs pots, a whole Kitchen Trade.

Adorn your Doors with Laurels, and a Bull
Milk-white and large, lead to the Capitol:
Sejanus *with a Rope is dragg'd along,*
The Sport and Laughter of the giddy Throng!
Good Lord, cry they, what Ethiop *Lips he has,*
How foul a Snout, and what a hanging Face?
By Heav'n I never could endure his Sight,
But ſay, how came his monſtrous Crimes to Light?
What is the Charge, and who the Evidence?
(*The Saviour of the Nation, and the Prince?*)

DRYDEN.

Gratitude for *living Merit* is, of all Things, one of the moſt commendable; but that Gratitude ſhould never be *prepoſterous:* The Teſtimonies of it ſhould be ſuch as no After-Behaviour can cancel, nor future Events deſtroy.——The nobleſt Monument that can be erected for a Patriot is in the Hearts of his Fellow Citizens, and when the breathing Image is no more, then let the inanimate Statue awaken them to all the Remembrance of his Virtue.

Speedily will be publiſhed,

THE OPERATIONS of the ALLIED ARMY, during the Campaign of 1745.

By the AUTHOR *of the* Operations *of the Years* 1743 *and* 1744.

IRELAND.

Dublin, March 25. We hear from Drogheda, that Tueſday laſt the Mob roſe and unrigg'd three Scotch Veſſels, laden with Corn and Meal for Scotland, de-

the Ease was apprehended, for the Use of the Rebels; which Ships are detained till the Government's Pleasure shall be known.

Last Thursday off Cape Clear, a French Man of War, Convoy with two English Merchant Ships; after a stout Resistance, one of them was taken, the other made her Escape. As yet they are not known who they were.

On Friday last died greatly lamented by all who had the Pleasure of his Acquaintance, at his Lodgings in George's lane, Capt. John Vickars, an old experienced Officer, who served his King and Country with Reputation for upwards of forty Years.

Yesterday the Bill for naturalizing the Jews, sent from the House of Commons to the House of Lords for their Concurrence, was rejected on the second Reading.

SCOTLAND

Edinburgh, March 24. His Royal Highness the Duke has not moved from Aberdeen on Saturday Morning. The advanced Guard under General Bland made a Motion on Tuesday towards Strathbogie, where a considerable Body of the Rebels were posted, who fled on his Approach towards the Spey; and, 'tis said, John Roy Stewart is killed.

There was last Week an Alarm from Perthshire, and it is now true, that the Rannoch People have surprized a Party of the Argyleshiremen.—There are Letters by last Post which affirm, that a strong Detachment of Rebels had blockaded the Castle of Blair, and that a Corps of Hessians were immediately to march to its Relief.

A Letter from Aberdeen brings Advice, that the Master of a Ship had arrived there from Sutherland, with an Account that Lord London's Corps was very numerous and encreasing daily.

Yesterday the Transports sailed from the Road for Aberdeen, and as the Wind was exceeding favourable, it is not doubted but they have reached that Port before this Time.

On Tuesday Night last died, in the 57th Year of his Age, Sir Peter Halkit Wedderburn, of Pitfirrane and Gosford, Bart.

On Tuesday Night last died the Rev. Mr. John Wilson, Minister of the Gospel in the Parish of Carstairs, and Shire of Clydsdale.

Edinburgh, March 25. We do not hear of any further Motions of the Army under his Royal Highness the Duke, but all was in Readiness. —— Mean time, the Rebels do not seem to be in any Disposition to face him now more than formerly. Lord George Murray, with some Cannon, has batter'd the Castle of Blair; but by the last Advices it still held out. —— They are certainly numerous in that Part, as strong Detachments have taken Possession of Logie Rair, the Pass of Killicrankie, and even advanced between Dunkeld and Perth, where there were several Shot exchanged betwixt the advanced Guard of the Hessians and the Rebels —— The Hessians were expected as Yesterday to move and give them Battle.

Mr. Patrick Haldane, and Mr. Alexander Home, Advocates, are appointed joint Solicitors for Scotland.

On Thursday last an Express pass'd through Glasgow from his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, for the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

On Friday arrived here 100 Yorkshire Blues, rais'd by Lord Malton and others in that County, and are quartered in this City. They are to be supplied with Arms from the Castle; and we hear are to march North, to join the Army. They advise, that another Corps from that County took the Western Road by Carlisle.

Edinburgh, March 27. His Royal Highness the Duke still continues at Aberdeen; there is Advice of the safe Arrival of Bligh's Regiment, the recovered Soldiers, and the Storeships.

A Detachment of about 60 Argyleshire Highlanders, and 20 of the Duke of Kingston's Light-Horse, which should have rejoined their respective Corps on the 20th ult. but apprehending no Danger, remained at Keith six Miles from Strathbogie: About 12 that Night the Village was surrounded by 400 of the Rebels, a sharp Skirmish ensued, a few were killed on both Sides; but that small Party being overpower'd by Numbers, could not defend themselves long, and were obliged to surrender Prisoners.

Some Soldiers having plunder'd the House of Mr Gordon of Cowbardie, who is in the Rebellion, his Royal Highness the Duke not only (on Information of this Abuse) ordered the least Trifle to be restored, but presented his Lady with a Purse of 100 Guineas, and gave her his own signed Protection.

A Letter from Angus gives an Account, that some Prisoners which had been taken at the Battle of Falkirk, had made their Escape from the Rebels, they say, that their main Body was at Forress and Elgin, and that they were in the utmost Distress for Provisions, that they themselves were almost famished before they found Means to get off, and that the raw green Kail from the Farmer's Yards are looked on as a Feast. They say further, that their dividing in different Parties was merely to procure Subsistance.

The Hessians moved on Monday last from Perth; the Rebels who were at Dunkeld fled on their Approach: We do not hear of any further Motions.

There is Advice that a Vessel which had been employed to smuggle several of the Rebels to France, and is now returned with an Intention, as is supposed, to take on board a Cargo of the same Kind, is hovering in St. Andrew's Bay; but the Captain of the Man of War having last Night received Information, immediately cauted one of the Tenders to fall down with the Tide, and it is thought they have her by this Time in Custody.

We hear the Right Hon. the Earl of Leven is appointed his Majesty's High Commissioner to the ensuing Assembly.

Yesterday the Rev. Presbytery elected the following Gentlemen as their Representatives to the ensuing General Assembly, viz. the Rev. Messrs. George Logan, Mac Vicar, Guthrie, Hepburn, Lindsay and Blair —— Ruling Elders; Lord Arnistrong, Provost Osborne, and Mr. James Davidson, of Halltree.

This Morning four Surgeon Lads, who had attended the Rebels in their Expedition into England, and who have been Prisoners for some Time past in the Castle, set out for London, under an Escort of the Edinburgh Regiment.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Bristol, March 29. Tuesday last a Mutiny was begun at the Guardhouse in Winestreet by a few of Lord Berkeley's new-rais'd Regiment quarter'd here, on Account of whipping some of their Countrymen taken up as Deserters. The Thing had like to have had a very unhappy Event, for some of them grew so resolute that they attempted to prevent the Whipping, by insulting and abusing even the Officers that were present; but being at length overcome, six of them were secur'd, and now confined under a proper Guard in Bridewell. Their Countrymen were nevertheless whipt, as an Example to all others who should be so imprudent as to commit the like Offence.

And on Wednesday the City was suddenly alarmed by a great Body of Sailors who had risen to the Number of at least 2000, on Account of some Disagreement with the Merchants. It seems most of them were intended for the Amelia, King George, Prince Frederick, and the Duke Privateers, who are all going in Concert on an eight Months Cruize to the South Seas. They plead, that they were at first to have 15 Guineas a Man; and because the Owners had fallen the Advance-Money to 5 Guineas, they therefore rose in a Body, ascended Brandon Hill, and under a Flag which they had set up enter'd into a solemn Combination, that not one should take less than the 15 Guineas, on Pain of being immediately hung up on a Gallows they talk'd of erecting on the said Hill for that Purpose. From hence they all came in a formidable Body into the City, and patroll'd the Streets with their Colours flying, arm'd with Bludgeons, and huzzaing in a very loud Manner: But as no one offer'd to oppose or molest them, they retir'd in pretty good Order to their Quarters, without doing any farther Mischief than breaking a few Windows, and throwing some Baskets of Potatoes, &c. about the Streets.

Sunday Night last, as the Under-keeper of Newgate was letting a Woman in at the Door, on a sudden a Debtor (who had planted himself with six others just at hand) caught hold of the Door, and forc'd his Way out, and was immediately follow'd by the other six, who all made their Escape: But thro' the Vigilance of Mr. Dagg, the Head-Keeper, four of them have since been retaken, and put in Irons.

Thursday Sevennight last was married Mr. Wayne, of St. Peter's-street, esteemed one of the greatest Glovers and Undertakers in this Part of the Kingdom: But Sunday last as the said Gentleman was walking out for the Air, he was seiz'd with a Fit of an Apoplexy, which carry'd him off before he could be brought home.

Gloucester, March 29. On Wednesday last the Right Hon. the Lord Herbert review'd his Regiment, quarter'd here.

Last Thursday William Gibbs was executed here, for breaking the House of Richard Fletcher, of Ebrington, and attempting to murder him and his Nephew. —— Whilst under Condemnation, he told the Minister that attended him, that he entertained great Hopes of a Reprieve, 'till last Monday, when, finding his Expectations baulk'd, he began seriously to think of dying, and desired to receive the Sacrament, which was administered to him.—His Case was different from the rest of Mankind, who make their Exit in this ignominious Manner; for he had always liv'd in Reputation, having been an industrious Man, and his Wife a very careful Woman; and they kept a Shop, where he follow'd the Trades of a Taylor and Upholder: But, for about three Weeks before this unfortunate Affair happened, his Wife being out a Nursing at a Gentleman's House, in her Absence he contracted such a Habit of excessive Drinking, as to regard little else; and some Persons sending in their Bills for Money, in the Hear of Liquor he went to his kind Neighbour's House, with an Intent to murder and rob him; (*A sufficient Caution for all Persons to avoid Drunkenness, the common Inlet to all other Sins.*) He was forty Years of Age, and hath left a Wife and three Children, to bemoan his untimely End. At the Place of Execution he was so senseless, and his Spirits so weak, that two Men supported him while the Executioner ty'd him up to the Tree.

Newcastle, March 29. A Letter from Castle Menzies, dated the 21st Instant, to a Gentleman of this Town, says, that the Rebels had not then laid Siege to that Place, but that they daily expected it.

On Sunday last died at his Seat of Duncomb Park, near Helmsley in Yorkshire, Thomas Duncombe, Esq; Member in the last Parliament of Queen Anne, and the two first Parliaments of his present Majesty for the Town of Rippon.

On Tuesday and Wednesday last the Duke of Bedford's Regiment returned hither from Durham and Shields; and on Wednesday and Thursday they set out for Berwick.

On Thursday last about 20,000l. collected in Yorkshire, was sent hence for Scotland, for the Use of the Duke of Cumberland's Army, escorted by a Party of St. George's Dragoons.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer of Distinction at Strathbogie, to a Gentleman of this Town, dated March 21.

"I'm sorry to begin with a Piece of bad News, that Fort Augustus is taken, or rather shamefully given up, the Rebels having lost only four Men before it.

To balance this, on Monday the 17th General Bland, who was at Inverury and Old Medrum, had Orders to march with four Battalions, the Argyleshire, Kingston's, and Cobham's Dragoons, to Strathbogie, upon Confirmation that 1550 of the Rebels were there. The next Day his Royal Highness order'd Brig. Mordaunt to march with four Battalions, and four Pieces of Cannon, to support him, if there was Occasion.

The Design was, to attack the Place if the Rebels held it out; if they left it, to stay there. It is very strongly situated, between two Rivers, and capable of being defended with great Advantage.

The General march'd accordingly, and arriv'd within two Miles of the Town before the Rebels had Notice of his Motion. As soon as they saw him, they run to Arms, and made a Shew of defending the Place; but on the Approach of our Grenadiers, and the Argyleshiremen, they abandoned it, and fled in great Confusion.

The General ordered the Horse to pursue them, which they did some Way, and fired several Times; but without any Consequence, that I hear of, but wounding one Roy Stuart in the Arm. The Dark coming on, the Horse were obliged to return.

The General said, if he had had but two Hours more Day-light, there would not a third of the Rebels have escap'd. It was a cruel Day of Rain, which made the March, long and tedious as it was, very troublesome.

The Rebels were obliged to leave their Dinners to our Men. As it was Evening, you will wonder the Scoundrels should fall so soon into Quality Hours. One explains it thus, They had march'd to Castle Forbes, I suppose, expecting their Appearance would have frightened it into a Surrender, but when it was not delivered up, they looked at it, and returned. From that you may judge of their Condition the following Night, fatigu'd, frighten'd, and starved.

The Army at Aberdeen has Orders to be in Readiness at the first Notice."

LONDON.

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

Aberdeen, March 21. Nothing has happened since the 19th, except that a Detachment of Kingston's Horse had pursued a Party of the Rebels, who had ventur'd to advance to Keith, but they fled with such Precipitation, that there was no coming up with them.

Admiralty-Office, March 29. The St. Michael, a Privateer of 18 Guns, and 150 Men, taken by Vice Admiral Martin's Squadron, is just into Plymouth, and brings Advice, that the Falcon Sloop, which was some

Time ago taken by the **French**, and converted into a Privateer, is retaken; and that when they left the Vice-Admiral of the 24th Instant, he was in Chace of a French Man of War.

At the Court at St. James's, the 25th Day of March, 1746.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

His Majeſty in Council was this Day pleaſed to appoint Lancelot Allgood, of Hexam, Eſq; to be Sheriff of the County of Northumberland.

Whitehall, April 1. By an Expreſs arrived Yeſterday from his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, the following Advices were receiv'd.

Aberdeen, March 26. His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Heſſe, and the Lord Crawfurd, are marched with four Battalions, and ſome Dragoons, from Perth, in order to raiſe the Siege of Blair.

A Captain of Highlanders, whom General Bland had detached with a Party of 70 Highlanders, and 30 of Kingſton's Men, to Keith from Strathbogie, have been ſurpriz'd, and has loſt his whole Party, except a Cornet and five of Kingſton's Men, and two Horſes, and one Highlander, who made their Eſcape. The Rebels marched from Fochabers in the Night, ſurrounded Keith, and entered at both Ends. As the Campbells lay in the Church, and defended the Church-yard for above half an Hour, during which there was very brisk Firing, it is not doubted but the Rebels paid dear for this Advantage.

The King's Army is at preſent divided in three Cantonments; the whole firſt Line, conſiſting of ſix Battalions, the Duke of Kingſton's Horſe, and Cobham's Dragoons, are at Strathbogie, within 12 Miles of the Spey, under the Command of the Lord Albemarle and Major General Bland. The Reſerve, conſiſting of three Battalions, with four Pieces of Cannon, under the Command of Brigadier General Mordaunt, are at Old Meldrum, half Way between Strathbogie and this Place. And the whole ſecond Line, conſiſting of the ſix remaining Battalions, and Lord Mark Kerr's Regiment of Dragoons, are ſtill here.

By the beſt Accounts we have, there are few or none of the Rebels left upon the Spey Side.

Some of Lord Loudon's People have been ſurpriz'd at Dornick, from the Murray Side, by Boats. The Account we have of this Affair is, that in the Night between the 19th and 20th, a conſiderable Party of the Rebels, by the Help of ſome Boats from Murray, and a thick Fog, landed upon the Sutherland Side of the Ferry, and ſurprized the Guard of Lord Loudon's Regiment, under Major Mackenzie, and took them Priſoners; ſome few only excepted, who made their Eſcape by Fight.

The Rebels are removing all their Magazines to the Northward of the Chain into Cathneſs.

His Royal Highneſs having had certain Intelligence that the Earl of Airly, Father to Lord Ogilvie, was raiſing his Men to join the Rebels, and he not having complied with the Order to deſiſt from ſuch treaſonable Practices, his Royal Highneſs ſent Capt. Hewett, with 100 recovered Men, who were coming up to the Army, to take Poſſeſſion of his Houſe, and to make him Priſoner in it, until his People ſhould bring in their Arms, and behave in ſuch a Manner as became good Subjects; which has already had ſome good Effect, as a Number have brought in their Arms. And his Royal Highneſs has likewiſe order'd Major La Fauſille, with 300 Men, to go to Glenesk, which is one of the moſt rebellious Parts, to attack all whom he finds in Arms againſt the Government, and to burn the Habitations of ſuch who have left them, and are with the Rebels.

By the laſt Letters from Capt. Scot, who had thrown himſelf into Fort William, dated the 15th, the Rebels had not then begun the Siege of that Place, but were bringing up their Artillery for that Purpoſe; and the Garriſon were determined to defend it to the utmoſt.

Tueſday Morning about Ten o'Clock, as the Lord Biſhop of Hereford, Clerk of the Cloſet to his Majeſty, was walking on Conſtitution-Hill, he was ſuddenly taken ill of a Pain in his Stomach, and being carried home to his houſe in Cleveland Row, St. James's, expired inſtantly. His grace the late Duke of Bridgewater and Col. Egerton, his Brothers, died ſome time ago in the ſame Manner.

By Letters from Ireland we have an Account of the following extraordinary Price of Proviſions, &c. Beef 3d. ½ a Pound, Veal dear in Proportion, Mutton 3 d. a Pound, Lamb reaſonable, a Pair of Ducklings ſold for 13 s. Chickens 3 s. a Piece. Wheat 2 l. 12 s. per Quarter, Oats 1 l. 2s. Hog Peas 1 l. 16 s. Horſe Beans 1 l. 18 s. Malt 1 l. 4 s. Barley 1 l. 2 s.

Tueſday Morning her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Caroline, attended by ſeveral of the Nobility and Perſons of Diſtinction, ſet out from St. James's Palace for the Bath, to make uſe of the Waters there for the Recovery of her Health, eſcorted by a Party of the Horſe Guards, who are to attend her throughout the Journey.

We have Advice, that a Snow from Ireland, with Proviſions for Antigua, has been taken by one of the Privateers of Martinico, who intended to carry her into that Place; but in the Night, to her great Surprize, found herſelf in the midſt of the Britiſh Fleet that lay at Anchor off St. Piers. She, however, endeavouring to get away under a four-gun Battery, was ſunk, and her Prize carried into Antigua. She was commanded by one Ballanchy, and has done the greateſt Miſchief of any Privateer that has been out this War; for ſhe was always mann'd with no leſs than 180 or 200 Men, and ſail'd the beſt of any of the Enemy's Privateers in the Weſt Indies.

The Entertainment given by Sir Richard Hoare, Knt. Lord Mayor at Goldſmith's-Hall on Eaſter Monday was very magnificent, at which were preſent great Numbers of the Nobility and Perſons of Diſtinction; and the whole was conducted with the utmoſt Decorum, Elegance and Order.

Tueſday Matthew Henderſon, who murdered his Miſtreſs, Mrs. Dalrymple, was, for the laſt time re-examin'd by Sir Thomas De Veil, and committed to Newgate ——— He perſiſts that he is the only Perſon concerned in that barbarous Fact, both as to the Murder and Robbery, and made a further Confeſſion in regard thereto, in which he cleared every body of the whole Affair, but himſelf; notwithſtanding which there are ſome Reaſons to ſuſpect the Truth of his Declaration.

Wedneſday a Coach and ſix Horſes, ſeveral Huſſars, the Sumpter Mules with Part of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland's Baggage, ſet out from the Mews for Scotland.

We have Advice from New-York, that the French and Indians had fallen on the Frontiers of that Government, and deſtroy'd a Village, called Soratogo, containing thirty Families. They moſt inhumanly murdered Col. Schuyler jun, ripping open his Body, pulling out his Heart and cutting his Head off.

On Friday Sevennight as Capt. Langton, in the Weſt India Trade, was on his Return home to his Houſe at Stepney, he was attacked near the Church by four Fellows, who robbed him of his Gold Watch and ſeven Guineas, after which they made off towards Radcliff Highway.

The Lords of the Admiralty have ordered the Stork and Adventure, rebuilt at Chatham, to be launch'd on Tueſday next

By Letters from Ireland we hear, that the Earl of Cheſterfield will embark for England in about a Fortnight.

We hear that the late Lord Biſhop of Hereford will be ſucceeded as Clerk of his Majeſty's Cloſet, by the Right Rev. the Lord Biſhop of Worceſter.

And in the Biſhoprick of Hereford, by the Hon. and Rev. Lord James Beauclerk, Canon of Windſor.

And that the ſaid Canonry of Windſor will be conferr'd by his Majeſty, upon the Hon. and Rev. Mr. Cornwallis, one of his Majeſty's Chaplains in Ordinary.

The Way to the Little Chappel in May-Fair, near Hyde-Park-Corner, (where the Marriages and Licences, on a five Shillings Stamp, amount to a Guinea) is through Piccadilly, by the upper End of St. James's Street, and down Clarges Street.

BANKRUPTS.

Mary Orton, of Glaſs-houſe Street, in the Pariſh of St. James's, Weſtminſter, Linnen-draper.

Abraham Beeby, now or late of Rickerby, in the County of Cumberland, Grocer.

Kender Maſon, of Bread-ſtreet, London, Merchant

Matthew Kitchen, of Howden, in the County of York, Draper and Chapman.

This Evening will be publiſhed,

NUMB. VII. of a News-Paper intitled,

THE NATIONAL JOURNAL: Or, The COUNTRY GAZETTE.

To be continued and publiſhed every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, in the Evening.

*** This Paper will contain, occaſionally, an Eſſay or Diſſertation on ſome intereſting or entertaining Subject; and a regular and true Account of all Occurrences foreign and domeſtic, ſo as to ſerve by way of a Hiſtory of the preſent Times; for which Reaſon it ſhall be printed with ſuch a Margin as to admit of being bound up in a Volume annually; and to make it uſeful to Poſterity as well as the preſent Generation, our Cuſtomers ſhall at the End of every Year have an Index Gratis.

Printed for J. PURSER, in Red-lion-Court, Fleet-ſtreet; where Advertiſements of a moderate Length are taken in at Half a Crown each.

Where may be had, the preceding Numbers.

Tueſday, April 1, *was publiſhed,*

To be continued Monthly,

(Price only Three pence)

THE BRITISH MAGAZINE, for *March*, 1746. Containing,

I. The Occaſional Spectator, No. I.

II. Some ſeaſonable Remarks, and Proofs of the horrid Iniquities Artifices and Collutions of Popery.

III. The Expediency of divulging and experimenting ſeveral miſcellaneous Hints that may be offered for the Improvements of many uſeful Branches of Arts, Trade, and other Subjects of Convenience and Service of Life.

IV. Seaſonable Reflections upon the late Frequency of Maſquerades, and other public Diverſions.

V. Some Experiments in Planting and Gardening.

VI. Seleƈt Eſſays from the Papers. Pope Boniface's Letter to Philip King of France, and his Anſwer. ——The Caſe of the Glaſs Trade, and other Trades dependant thereon.——Allegorical Story of an Attempt made upon Be——nia. A Diſſertation on the Dignity of the Office of Hangman——On the ruinous Effects of Smuggling, and the Villainy of thoſe who encourage and aſſiſt them, with ſome Accounts of the Methods uſed in that wicked Practice. The Error and Weakneſs of deſpiſing our Dangers from the preſent Rebellion, with the Story of the Marquis of Montroſe —— The Danger of a Parent's forcing the Inclination of a Child, exemplified in a very remarkable Story.

VII. Poetry. Inopia, a ſad poetical Diary ——Female Rights; or, a Plea for Ladies to ſit in Parliament.——The Jacobitical Patriot; or, a Match for the Devil.——Verſes on the Affront offer'd to the Nation by the late ſhocking Frequency of public Maſquerades.——Charley's Expedition, a Laureat Ode; to a new Tune, by an old Stick.——Divine Majeſty and Omnipotence.

VIII. Foreign Hiſtory.

IX. Promotions, Marriages, Deaths, Captures, Accidents, Bankruptcies, Prices of Stocks, Goods at Bear Key, &c.

X. A Complete Liſt of all the Books and Pamphlets publiſhed this Month, with their Prices.

Printed for C. Corbett, at Addiſon's Head in Fleet-ſtreet; and Sold at all the Booksellers and Pamphlet-Shops, both in Town and Country.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(*Son in Law to the late* Mr JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Buſineſs*)

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his Late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Price) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c. may ſet their Servants or Journeymen to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH, with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals only for READY MONEY

His Houſe faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangeries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1754, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preferib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old inveterate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolufes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together inſtrvain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to a Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Intermitties, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Reliefs, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, Seminal Fluxions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner ſort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 2 s. 6 d. each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally cures, even in the moſt drabbing Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies, for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely relyed upon for curing perfectly and ſpeedily, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicines; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach, that the moſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr Weſt, Goldſmith, who lived in Fleet-ſtreet, being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Direction, for one Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 2 s. 6 d.

PARALYTICON SEU ANIMA NERVORUM.

A Nervous Cordial Effence, which infallibly cures the PALSY and all other Nervous Diseases.

THIS very first Dose of it (a few Drops only) instantly penetrates the inmost Recesses of the minutest Nerves, and darting all most as quick as Lightning, thro' the whole human System, diffuses kindly Warmth and general Comfort to the weaken'd Limbs, and all Parts of the Body, and gives immediate sensible Relief in the most obstinate Palsy, as all Paralytick Affects, Shaking, Trembling, Numbness, Deadness, and Weakness, whether universal, or of particular Limbs, only, be it ever so inveterate, or of many Years Continuance.

And as the very first Dose makes an apparent demonstrable Amendment, so the Continuance, but a short Time, as surely accomplishes a perfect Cure, even in the most grievous Palsy or Resolution of the Nerves, by all or any of their Cramp like Contractions, shrinking of the Nerves, and all other nervous Complaints whatever, and than it Perfons of either Sex, or of any Age, and whether occasioned by preceding Indolence, ill Living, hard Drinking, long Courses of Physick, violent Colds, or excessive Fatigues either of Mind or Body.

Which Character fully expresses the uncommon, the unparallel'd Efficacy of this great Medicine, as all who take it, frankly acknowledge; and its vastly Super or Excellency to all other Remedies, may be more fully seen by reading one of the abstract Cure of the Palsy, and all Paralytick Affects, and Nervous Indispositions, than the celebrated Cures in our Inducements.

This Cordial Effence all Disorders of the first Passages, creates an Appetite promotes a good Digestion, enriches the Blood, restores the natural Vigour and Steady Use of the Limbs, and strengthens the enfeebled Joints, Muscles, Tendons, Ligaments and whole Habit to an immense Degree. It is also very pleasant to take, is comforting and cordial to the Stomach and Bowels, and for Safety might be sent to the youngest Infant. It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions at large.

CONFECTIO POTENTISSIMA.

OR, The most *Powerful Restorative Confect* in Nature

For Impotency in *Men* and Barrenness in *Women*,

IS delightful to the Palate, most agreeable and cordial to the Stomach, enriches the Blood, encreases the Spirits, invigorates the Nerves, and perfectly renovates all the Animal Faculties, and generative Powers, in both Sexes, to a great Degree, as Words can scarcely express; and yet acts not only by a stimulating Quality, or blowing up a Flame, but by adding a true Pabulum Amoris, a kindly Fuel, by which Nature is in a Manner regenerated, and so much Strength, Vigour, and Ability, immediately given, that Impotency, and every Kind of Weakness, or Imbecility in the Male Sex, and Barrenness, and all Sorts of Weakness, and Inappetency to conjugal Rites in the Female Sex, are most infallibly and directly cured by it, in a very pleasant and highly agreeable Manner infinitely beyond what any other Remedy can accomplish. Decays of every Kind in either Sex, and all Seminal Weaknesses, however occasioned, it almost instantly cures, when nothing else will, and can be had only, by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewomen's at the two Blue Posts, in Haydon Yard, in the Minories, London, at five Shillings a Pot, with printed Directions at large.

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than *Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses* whether occasioned by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Inflations, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous Distempers indeed, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain from the exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorsalis, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption which generally terminate in Death itself.

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old Running, or Seminal Fluxes, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Parts, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they may assuredly have, by the taking only a small Quantity of a truly-ordered Balsamick Restorative Electuary, now published for a general Benefit, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced more safe to, yet perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleets in a few Days, without Diet, Confinement or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, even in the most inveterate Cases, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts to their original Tone and genuine Vigour, in a very expeditious Manner, and in taking a few Dose's of it only.

This Balsamick Restorative Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor to confine the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative to all Wasts and Decays of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly of the Brain, Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to and to such Degree, inasmuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons labouring under Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weaknesses of the Urinary Passes, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain, too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and that all who ever took it for any of the above-mentioned Purposes, have really declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, and for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with proceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the foul Disease is entirely extirpated or not.

Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary.

This Day is publish'd,

The Seventh Edition (*wherein is inserted a Method of instantly curing the most torturing* Fits *of the* Cramp *without* Trouble, *or the taking or using any* Medicine, *or being at any* Expence *whatever*) *with some very material Additions*, of

A Treatise of the Diseases of the HEAD, BRAIN, and NERVES, more especially of the Palsy, Appoplexy, Lethargy, Epilepsy, Convulsions, Cramp, Frenzy, Vertigo, Megrim, inveterate Head ach, &c. with Directions for their thorough Cure, and how these and many other deplorable Nervous Distempers may be assuredly prevented, as well as certainly cur'd, and consequently many Lives saved by the Medicines therein, in English, prescribed, without the least Reserve. To which is subjoined,

A Discourse of MELANCHOLY in Men, and VAPOURS in Women; explaining the whole Train of Symptoms, various Degrees, and real Cause of those wretched Maladies; and discovering a short and most certain Method of Cure, by safe and easy Remedies therein also candidly prescribed, and by which Persons of either Sex, who are unhappily afflicted with Melancholy or Vapours, may absolutely cure themselves of those pernicious Distempers in a short Time, with out any Fatigue or Disorder. By a Physician.

London, Printed and Sold by the Author's Appointment, only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minories. Price bound 2s

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ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a seminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Churchyard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy.*

The only short and infallible Cure for that reigning Disease the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the highest or most inveterate Degree, or of ever so many Years standing, and that without any Loss of Time, or the least Purging, which, by an unaccountable Mistake, is generally advised, altho' always found rather to encrease than confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, do at once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head-Ache, Vapours, and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they assuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illnesses.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient sleek and lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's special Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewomen's at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

This Day is publish'd,
The Sixteenth Edition of

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Phisical Advice to those who have already injured themselves by this abominable Practice.

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with ones self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Casuistical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex. To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. SCHMEDIER, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity.

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Resemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady of 18, whose well-wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition 'soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

Is now sold (Mr. ISTED, Bookseller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetstreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookseller, at Addison's Head, opposite St. Dunstan's Church, Fleetstreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3s. 6d.

DIRECTORY, *Given Gratis.*

Green Hatch Holborn

IN the 2d Page of this Book, Any Venereal, or Gleet Patient, will Plainly See their Own Particular Case, Exactly Described. And How to Cure themselves Privately, Without Telling their Case to Any One. With The Famous Montpellier Little Easy Bolus, the Bigness of Only a PEA, to Take. And Which, Makes the Person Easy At Once, tho' Before, in Great Misery. And, Another Little BOLUS, Carries off a Venereal Infection, and Foulness of a GLEET. Price Only 2s Each, Sealed Up, with Full Directions, Along with it, ——— For Those who BUY it.

But, It is GIVEN, Without Paying at all, for it,

To Those, Mention'd in the 11th Page of the DIRECTORY. Which Book is Given Gratis, At Dr. RUSSEL's House, In the Parlour, Strait Forward Facing the Entry, In at the GREEN HATCH, against Gray's-Inn, HOLBORN. Where,

Is Also Given Gratis, For the Year 1746, The NEW

Thee, & Thou ALMANACK.

Calculated for the Meridian of the People Called QUAKERS. Containing New YEA, and NAY Observations, for Every Month in the Year. With the QUAKER's Opinion, Of

Young Damsels HOOP PETTI-COATS,

Of the *Unfortunate* WOMEN of the TOWN,

With the Names of the most NOTED of these WOMEN, and WHERE They LIVE, and what is the Plainest, and Properest SIGN, for them to HANG OUT at their Houses, for Information of Customers, that They LIVE THERE. With,

The Prints, of the most NOTED, of these LADIES, Finely Engraved, to Know 'em. And, The QUAKER's Opinion, Of

AFTERNOONS TEA DRINKINGS.

With the Prints of GEO. FOX (The First Quaker) WM. PEN, and others the most Eminent, amongst the Peoples Called QUAKERS, Also, Finely Engraved.

THIS ALMANACK has Things, not Writ Twice o'er,
What's in't, No ALMANACK e'er had Before:
It is quite NEW, Year FORTY SIX its Date is,
'Twill Nothing Cost, for Thee may'st have it GRATIS,
At the Green Hatch, 'gainst Gray's Inn Gate in Holborn,
If to ASK for't, Thee will't not be too Stubborn.

AND, do not (Pray) Withdraw THY FRIENDLY Look,
'Cause there are NO RED LETTERS in this Book,
As Usual are in ALMANACKS, For WEE,
Have for RED LETTER DAYS, Antipathy.

LONDON: Printed for J. MORGAN, in *Pater-noster-Row*. Where Advertisements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.